

INTERIOR JOURNAL

P. W. HILTON, Editors and Prop.

F. J. COWPERLL,

FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1874.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

August Election, 1874.

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

CAPT. THOMAS C. JONES.

For District Judge.

M. H. OWSEY.

For Commonwealth's Attorney.

J. B. CHRISMAN.

Clerk of the Circuit Court.

WM. H. MILLER.

Judge of the Lincoln Circuit Court.

HON. M. C. SAUFLEY.

Courier Reporter.

CAPT. W. G. WELCH.

Clerk of the County Court.

JOHN BLAIN.

Editor.

W. B. WITHERS.

Tutor.

THOMAS BULFORD.

Assessor.

JESSE E. CARTER.

Surrogate.

E. S. GOOCH.

Clerk.

ELISHA UPTHEGROVE.

We publish, in this issue, the card of W. H. Miller, Democratic nominee for clerk of the Lincoln Circuit Court, answering a charge made and circulated against him by the friends of his opponent, reflecting upon his official integrity. It is entitled to a careful perusal by every honest, fair-minded voter of the county. There are several rumors of a somewhat intriguing character in circulation over the county against Mr. Miller, which may or may not demand investigation by the party he represents. As for ourselves, we shall give no heed to them until explicit charges are made against him by those who pretend to be cognizant of facts which attest his unworthiness as our representative. Democrats cannot and will not brook abuses of public trust in their party. We should never shrink from an investigation, but all times forthrightly invite it, and in the language of our platform of principles, "demand the speedy and impartial arraignment of all abuses of public trust, of whatever character or description." We must purge our own party of all impurities before we can consistently charge the Republican party of corruption. Let those Democrats who oppose the election of Mr. Miller upon grounds that he is incompetent or corrupt, abandon the rather cowardly course of circulating vague rumors against his character, and adopt the more manly method of making public their real specifications.

[Since the above was put in type, we have received, for publication, a card from several Democrats of Stanford, in which they make specific charges against Mr. Miller. We publish the card elsewhere. Mr. Miller, we presume, will make his defense next week, and, in the meantime, the voters of the county should suspend their judgment.]

On our first page will be found an interesting letter written to the Courier Journal from Stanford, by an intelligent transient, correspondent. We endorse all the good things he says about our town and county in a general way, but especially approve of his remarks in reference to our worthy townsmen, Hon. T. W. Varnon. We have, hitherto, allowed our extreme ardency to restrain us from outspoken preference for the Senator of the Eighteenth District or the Office of Lieutenant Governor of the State. This section of Kentucky may justly claim the honor of furnishing the next Lieutenant Governor. Lincoln county gave to the State her first Chief Magistrate, and has ever since patiently awaited her turn to receive further honors. The time has arrived that she may urge her claim, and in looking around over this section of the State, this district, and this county, for the men most suitable to wear our honors, they naturally fall upon Tom. Varnon, whose very name is synonymous for political purity and official honesty. We, therefore, in the name of the people of Central and Southeastern Kentucky, respectfully, but urgently, present the name of Hon. T. W. Varnon for the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

The Louisville Courier, usually a very fair and dignified paper, has agreed Captain Tom C. Jones, the nominee of the Democratic party for Clerk of the Appellate Court, being ineligible to that office because he accepted a challenge to fight a duel. Captain Jones denies the charge in a respectful letter to the Courier Journal, which we will publish in our next paper. He never did accept a challenge, and we ask for his final decision.

COUNTY POLITICS.

[ADVERTISING]

To the Public.

The silence of contempt is usually the only fitting reply to the calumnies of a noisy contest, but a change which affects directly, not only my integrity as an official, but my character as an honest man and a gentleman is being industriously circulated against me in the country.

Without making any reference to the source or motive of the slanderer, I consider it proper, occupying as I do the somewhat representative position of a nominee of my party, to make a public statement of the facts:

The charge is that as Clerk of the Lincoln Circuit Court, I received last Fall or Winter the sum of three hundred dollars, deposited in lieu of the bail of one A. J. Adams, and that I failed at the evening (last April) term of the Circuit Court to account for it as required by law to the Trustee of the jury fund, and that there is no record in my office of the transaction whereby the sum of money was deposited.

We apply these tests to Mr. Miller,

and find that he fails in all of them.

In other words, that I have deliberately falsified the records of my court, and robbed the Commonwealth of three hundred dollars.

On the 25th day of November, 1873, prior to the October term of that year, the wife of one A. J. Adams, who was arrested in Louisville on a charge of horse-stealing, deposited in my hand, as Clerk, the sum of three hundred dollars in lieu of his bail, for which I gave her my official receipt. At the April term last, Adams failed to appear, and on Wednesday, the 3d day of the term, the following order was made forbidding the deposit, and recorded on page 396 of Order Book No. 31:

"Commonwealth of Kentucky, Plaintiff vs. A. J. Adams, Defendant, having filed in the October term of this year, a bill of complaint for the recovery of three hundred dollars deposited in lieu of his bail, and the same is hereby ordered,

"That the defendant, A. J. Adams, having failed to appear in pursuance of the undertaking of his bail, is adjudged guilty of the three hundred dollars deposited in lieu of his bail, and the same is hereby ordered,

"Under the law Clerks are required to make semiannual reports of money received by them, on the first day of the Spring and Fall terms of their courts.

The law upon the subject is as follows:

"The duties imposed by the provisions of this chapter upon clerks and other officers on the subject of reporting to the circuit court all public moneys in their hands, shall be discharged, whether there be any court held at the regular term or not.

"Report shall be made on the first day of the term of court fixed by law; and the money so reported shall then be paid to the trustee of the jury fund, which shall be held by him subject to be disbursed as other money belonging to the jury fund.

The clerk shall enter each report on some record or calendar of the court, and the same may be signed by the judge of the court or entering it on judgment book 30c; and entering satisfaction in court or on judgment book, *ad eundem by the Clerk*. There is no law for the charge of 30c each for "judgment" (15c item). And the clerk is not allowed to charge for the item "satisfaction" unless he renders the services, yet Miller has frequently issued fee bills certifying that when no satisfaction of the judgment has been entered, and that it is then held to be 20c, where he is only entitled to 10c fees.

We might fill this sheet with similar instances, but deem the example given sufficient for the purpose.

2nd. The law prohibits a clerk from receiving money on any judgment or replevin bond in his office, without power of attorney from the owner or his agent or attorney (Myer's Supplement, page 96). Yet in the face of this prohibition we charge that, during the last two years or more, Mr. Miller has, in divers instances, violated this law, and a clerk received money on judgments and replevin bonds in his office without having a power of attorney from the owners of such judgments or their agents or attorneys.

Will any friend of Mr. Miller explain why he received the money on the replevin bond, last Winter, in the case of Calhoun vs. Harris, and long ago before Calhoun got all of his money after Miller had received it?

This money then under the law, the construction and ruling thereof by the Attorney, who regulates this whole matter and the uniform practice of clerks throughout the State, is not required to be accounted for by me, nor can it be, until I make my next report on the first day of the next October term.

Such at least is my opinion, such has been my practice heretofore as clerk, and such I believe has been the practice of clerks throughout the Commonwealth. If I have been mistaken, though the practice has never before, to my knowledge, been called in question, I have the money in my custody and will, as a matter of course, account for it whenever and whenever it may be proper and right to do so. I am willing to submit the question to any reputable lawyer whom my deñamers may select, and will cheerfully and promptly abide and act upon his decision.

W. H. MILLER,
STANFORD, KY., June 22, 1874.

[ADVERTISING]
Card from Franklin Fire Insurance Company

LEXINGTON, KY., June 29, 1874.

Touch it may concern:

"The money which is indubitably embezzled was not left to the State, nor did it become in my care, 'public money' until the third day of the term, two days after I had made my report of public money for that term, paid it to the trustee of the jury fund and took his receipt thereof.

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And when Adams failed to appear for trial, instead of showing in the order of court with whom the money had been deposited, or in whose hands it then was, the clerk, in making up the order of court, simply says in the order, "it is adjudged that the \$300 deposited by Mrs. A. J. Adams, in the hands of Mr. Miller, and the same is held to be 20c, and the same is hereby notified." Now take the entry in connection with the principles of Due Process.

With most of us it would naturally be that the money was held by the trustee of the jury fund instead of W. H. Miller, who is peculiarly fitted for the honorable position of executor of the will and bequests of the party, to the principles of which he is sincerely devoted. We hope he will accept the honor conferred upon him by the appointment.

But we learn that Mr. Miller now

claims that under the law, he as Clerk great sacrifices and use as vigorous efforts as any of our brethren who now stand us with "desecration" or look with disapproving eyes upon our course.

We sincerely regret the occasion of this discord. Our cause is not actuated by personal prejudices, but is prompted by our devotion to the true principles of the party, and our earnest desire for the triumph of those principles in their original purity as handed down to us by the fathers. In these days, when our fond hopes of party success are based upon the official corruptions and extravagances of our political antagonists, we think it more than ever essential to the success and purity of the party that in selecting men to fill our public offices, Democrats should apply to each aspirant those old-fashioned Democratic tests: Is he honest? Is he faithful? Is he competent? and make him fit the measure of each man.

We apply these tests to Mr. Miller, who claims the party support, and find, as we believe, that he fails far short of the standard we require of these officers the right to receive and hold money deposited in their hands.

Has any one ever heard of a legal or illegal suit to be investigated, a council of the church established to fix the record so that it would appear hereafter that Mr. Miller was a bad man and a slanderer of the Plymouth pastor, while the great and immaculate Beecher was patient and forbearing towards his trustees. After the publication of the case to the world, by Woodhill & Child's Weekly, a council of the church was called to investigate it, and before this council Mr. Miller, instead of the woman to whom it was charged Mr. Beecher made improper overtures, refused to appear, preferring as he states, to sacrifice his own reputation to shield Mr. Beecher. The following document, signed by Mr. Beecher in 1871, and published in Tilton's recent letter, goes far towards clearing up a serious case against its author:

"I ask Theodore Tilton my forgiveness and humble myself before him as I do before my God. He would have been a better man if my circumstances had been different, but I have done what I can to make him understand the terms of the 'Agreement' between us."

"I charge that he has in many instances demanded and received, or demanded greater fees than allowed him by law for his services. We know that he is unworthy of the support of the Democratic party. Our belief is founded on the following and many other circumstances:

"1st. - We charge that he has in many instances demanded and received, or demanded greater fees than allowed him by law for his services. We know that he is unworthy of the support of the Democratic party. Our belief is founded on the following and many other circumstances:

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A black cloud has gathered over us, and the time for you to act has arrived. The time for which you subscribed has expired, and that you are requested to renew your subscription. A red circle indicates that your subscription remains unpaid, and you are politely summoned for it.

MAIL DIRECTORY.

Mail to Louisville via C & P, post office, from Louisville via C & P, post office, via Louisville, via Lexington, via Frankfort, via Frankfort, via Lexington, arrives at 11 a.m. Mail to Louisville via C & P, post office, via Louisville, via Frankfort, via Lexington, arrives at 11 a.m.

AUGUST ELECTION - 1874.

BISHOP JUDGE.
We are requested to announce JOHN W. TUTTLE, Esq., of Wayne county, a candidate for the office of Judge of the 4th Judicial District. Election to be held on the 2d of August.

FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY.
We are requested to announce GIDEON DAVIS, Esq., of Lewisburg, a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of Fayette county, in the suit against the State of Kentucky, for damages in the amount of \$100,000.

FOR CLERICAL CHURCH.
We had a refreshing shower of rain on the 26th, the only rain fall we have had since the third Monday in April.

PROF. L. G. BURKE, of Danville, will speak at the Presbyterian church on next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

We have a furniture dealer who, it is said, is the busiest man in town, because he keeps chairs and bounces about all the time.

The grim, gray monster may pass through this section with his skeleton pickets spread like pine-apples, green peas, and new potatoes.

Home hath it that a clever and gallant Clarkie, half widow of unnumbered ages, will end his days in the bosom of Somersett, at an early day.

Since the late rains the cyclone crop flourishes. It is not every one that says, "Come, take a drink," that shall dare drink in the courthouse.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

COURT JUDGES.
We are authorized to announce JAMES M. BAILEY, Esq., of the office of Judge of the Fayette County Court, at 11 a.m. August 2nd.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.
Harrison selected a good lawyer, Mr. James C. Sallee, for his County Attorney, who is to be elected at the ensuing August election. He selected the best men in the state to assist him in his efforts to make an efficient attorney, ever having in his interest no one.

Mr. John B. Collier, independent candidate for Clerk of the Court of Appeals, will speak at the courthouse, in Stanford, this Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Our Washington mail tell us we have twelve subscribers named Goss. We learn that in Lincoln and Pulaski counties there are over four hundred voters by that name.

Mr. James Green, of Hazard, a member of the State Central Temperance Committee, and one of the most enthusiastic philanthropists of the section, struck the temperance lecture last Friday evening.

Mr. George and Miss Wainwright, of Coalfield, Miss. Kate Williams, of Paintsville, Miss. Estelle, of Harrold, all accomplished amateurs, were among the most brilliant that characterized the courthouse question will not be repeated should that of a painful disappointment.

One completed the pike would be a paying stock, and Wayne county's long buried among the hills would become identified with the living world. We hope that the notices that characterized the courthouse question will not be repeated should that of a painful disappointment.

Pat Mandy, aged 71 years, walked from Paintsville, Pulaski county, to Stanford, 22 miles, on last Sunday, in four hours; leaving about 7 o'clock and arriving here at 11. After breakfast he was as fresh and trim as a school boy just out of the school room.

Our enterprising townsmen, J. C. Bullock, has just received a splendid steam dredge, and offers services to the farmers in this vicinity. Mr. D. is a thoroughgoing man, and has had considerable experience in dredging, twice his call and thereby save money.

An industrious, painstaking Linwooder, the town has a brood of eighteen young turkeys under her maternal charge, and every day they accompany her, to her not too hot around her to keep her while she departs a roosting. But this rather extraordinary bird's cockade!

Respects to all the citizens, we are disappointed in the result, the contractors being able to furnish themselves from Cincinnati at a less than we are willing to sell at. We have supplied them with considerable beef, however.

The farmers have harvested a good wheat crop, yet we find a general complaint in reference to all other crops. It has been some time since we have had a good rain.

The tobacco business, of which we speak with so much enthusiasm, is an entire failure, the farmers desirous to engage in its culture at all.

The Masons celebrated the 23d of this month by laying the cornerstone of their new building in process of construction by Francis & Sallee. Notwithstanding the weather was exceedingly warm, the ceremonies were performed with a test reflecting credit upon the order.

Judge Burham was publicly endorsed by a convention of our citizens called together for the purpose, a few days since. We see no reason why the party should not unite on Burham to man.

Mrs. Jane H. Sallee, wife of John L. Sallee, was stricken down with heart disease at her residence, a few days since. Mrs. Sallee was a good woman, and her death is a misfortune to the community. Her remains were laid at rest in the cemetery at Carter's hill.

John J. Gauthier announced himself a candidate for County Attorney upon the Republic candidate in opposition to J. J. Richardson, the present incumbent, who is a Democrat.

Upon the same day, Mr. J. W. Tuttle made a short speech appealing to the people of Wayne county to support him for the office of Circuit Judge, offering terms—making presents the only test for judicial preference.

Col. Jephia Hasker, the most eligible "sister," from the house of Sallee & Owen, has honored our town with a week's visit. We always upon the street, Mr. Carter, Capt. Roberts, and Mr. Chilton all of Louisville.

We are fearful that the well, which loss of Monteagle \$800, will be a failure after all. The water seems to be impregnated with iron, or some mineral disagreeable to the taste.

The Ohio Creek Salt and Oil Company is now operated and controlled by a agent by the name of Carter, formerly from Philadelphia—recently from Cumberland City. Mr. Carter's main purpose is to get oil. We are not applied as to the probabilities of the business.

ATTIGUS.

Mrs. Francis M., wife of Leo Hayden, was born in Marion county, Ky., March 23, 1821. In early life she became a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and married Mr. — Taylor, by whom she was the mother of six children—two daughters and four sons. On the 11th of February, 1872, she was married to Mr. Hayden, with whom she spent the remainder of her life. She died Saturday, June 25th, 1874, after a short but severe illness of only one day.

When a friend but a few days ago, to have seen the subject of this notice in the very highest degree of health and vigor, and now realize that she is not, we are impressed with the terrible certainty of death. Her remains were taken to Lebanon, Ky., for interment, where Dr. Charles Taylor, of Louisville, her former pastor, attended the funeral service.

We tender to the bereaved husband, children, and friends our heartfelt sympathy, praying their subjection to the will of him who "hath given and hath taken away." In the midst of this sorrow we rejoice to know that the grief-stricken husband will have the full pleasure of recalling one who was true as a wife, mother, friend, and Christian; and that we may not forget for timely religious comfort, to live the life of righteousness and honor in heaven. To those left to mourn her we have only to say: "He ye already dead at such an hour as ye think not, the Son of man cometh."

G. C. O.

DIED.

In this county, on the 24th ult., of measles, Mrs. Elias, daughter of C. L. Carter, about twenty-one.

Miss Demasie Carter
GEO D WEAREN.

HOME TROTTERS.

When a committee asks for drawing material, he means engravers.

Spring chickens are offered upon our streets at \$2.25 and \$2.00 per dozen.

Ten guinea hogsheads and cinders and one swine hogshead are sent in town, this week.

Jim Brown has a sow that's a first-rate matherinian—good on the "spine root."

Another negro fest-sat Saturday night, and the usual number of birds and disturbances.

Communication by stage between Stanford and Lancaster is discontinued on last Tuesday.

T. D. Barnes wants delivered to him in Stamford, 5000 chestnut shingles at \$1.50 each.

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By Our Special Correspondents.

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